

13 HTML Attributes You Should Know About

SWIPE



Accept Attribute

You can use the accept attribute with the `<input>` element (only for file type) to specify the types of files a server can accept.

```
<input type="file" accept=".jpg, .jpeg, .png">
```



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Alt Attribute

You can use the alt attribute with the `<img>` element to specify an alternate text in case the image can't be displayed on the web page.

```

```



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Title Attribute

You can use the title attribute to provide additional information about an element. This information is typically displayed when the user hovers over the element. This is a global attribute which means you can use this attribute with all HTML elements.

```
<a href="document.pdf" title="Click to  
download">Download File</a>
```



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Autocomplete Attribute

You can use the autocomplete attribute with the `<form>`, `<input>` and `<textarea>` elements to control the browser's autocomplete feature.

```
<input type="text" name="name"  
autocomplete="on" />
```



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Contenteditable Attribute

You can use the contenteditable attribute to specify whether the element's content is editable or not. It allows users to modify the content within the element.

This is a global attribute which means you can use this attribute with all HTML elements.

```
<div contenteditable="true">You can edit this content.</div>
```



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Download Attribute

You can use the download attribute with the `<a>` element to specify that when a user clicks the link, the linked resource should be downloaded rather than navigated to.

```
<a href="document.pdf"  
download="document.pdf">Download PDF</a>
```



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Hidden Attribute

You can use the hidden attribute to hide the element on the web page. This is useful for controlling visibility through JavaScript or CSS. This is a global attribute which means you can use this attribute with all HTML elements.

```
<div hidden>This is hidden content.</div>
```



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Loading Attribute

You can use the loading attribute with the `<img>` element to control how the browser loads the image. It has three values: “eager,” “lazy,” and “auto.”

```

```



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Multiple Attribute

You can use the multiple attribute with the `<input>` and `<select>` elements to allow users to select/enter multiple values at once.

```
<input type="file" multiple />  
<select multiple>  
  <option value="java">Java</option>  
  <option  
value="javascript">JavaScript</option>  
  <option  
value="typescript">TypeScript</option>  
  <option value="rust">Rust</option>  
</select>
```



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Poster Attribute

You can use the poster attribute with the `<video>` element to display an image until the user plays the video.

```
<video controls poster="image.png"  
width="500">  
  <source src="video.mp4" type="video/mp4" />  
</video>
```



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Readonly Attribute

You can use the readonly attribute with the `<input>` element to specify that the element is read-only, not editable.

```
<input type="text" value="This is readonly."  
      readonly />
```



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Srcset Attribute

You can use the srcset attribute with the `<img>` and `<source>` (in `<picture>`) elements to provide a list of image sources. This helps the browser to select different images for different screen sizes.

```

```



ONE MORE

Spellcheck Attribute

You can use the spellcheck attribute with `<input>` elements (not passwords), content-editable elements, and `<textarea>` element to enable or disable spell checking by the browser.

```
<input type="text" spellcheck="false" />
```



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